CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

CO	UNTRY	Poland	REPORT 25X
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PLA	CE ACQUIRE	ED	REFERENCES
		This is UNEVALUATED) Information
		THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TE (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)	
			25X
	2.	The second largest Polish iron and steel which is now being expanded. By 1955 a process of crude steel per annum is to be read a capacity of 1,000 cubic meters and four 1952 a tube rolling mill, producing seamly operation. Construction of an energy planmolding plant are planned. The Kosciuszko iron and steel plant in Chas been in operation since 1951. An SM foundry are under construction. By the explane mill are to be put into operation.	roduction capacity of 1.1 million ached. In 1951 a blast furnace with 100 SM furnaces were built. In ess and welded tubing, was put into nt, a coking plant and an ingot orzow has three blast furnaces and installation and a steel-casting
	3.	The Huta Szczecinska steel mill processes Labedy smelting plant is being reconstruc- plants is based primarily on projected ar	ted. Expansion of the following
	1	Huta Baildon in Katowice: heavy steel pla Kard Huta in Walbrzych (Waldenburg): heavy Huta Pokoj in Bytom (Beuthen): railroad ra Huta Ferrum in Bogucice: tank and submaria Huta Zygmunt in Lagiewniki Sredzkie (Lohn: Huta Falva in Swietochlowice (Q 51/U 47):	tank parts. ails. ne parts. ig - P 52/C 00): tank and submarine parts.
	·	Because of increased tank production, the comparison to 1950. The 1952 production plower than originally scheduled, again becausedly 300 to 500 complete tanks were	plan, calling for 3,250 tractors, was cause of increased tank production.
	5.	Present production capacities of Poland's	electrical engineering industry are

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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so minimal that large transformers and electric motors are imported from East Germany, specifically from VEM Transformatorenwerk Karl Liebknecht, Berlin -

STATE	#x	ARMY	#x	NAVY	x	AIR	#x	FBI	AEC	ORR	Ev	x	

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- 6. In the course of the Six Year Plan, Poland is to produce ocean-going ships with a total tonnage of 575,000 BRT. This increase in shipbuilding was scheduled as a result of Russian directives which call for an increase of the shipment of goods over water routes. The Schichauwerft in Gdansk (Danzig) and the Vulkanwerft in Szczecin (Stettin) are building tankers and warships. In the middle of 1951 the assembly line production of submarines was begun at the Vulkanwerft.
- 7. Polish sulphuric acid production is centered in the Kielce-Wizow area, an area with extensive gypsum deposits. In addition to two plants producing soda, a new plant is being constructed near Inowroclaw. This plant, scheduled to be completed by the end of 1952, will produce about 400,000 tons of soda in 1953.
- 8. A chemical plant is being built in Brzeg Dolmy which is to produce the basir chemicals for the production of synthetic fibers, paints, and pharmaceutical commodities. The plant is not scheduled to begin operations before the end of 1953. A factory in Bydgoszcz has been producing natural tannin since 1951. The Rokita chemical works in Brzeg produces synthetic tannin and "Formalin".
- 9. The largest Polish chemical plant producing organic-synthetic products is located in Oswiecim. This plant was constructed after the war and is nearly completed. This plant processes inferior coal by the Fischer-Tropsch process to produce synthetic gasoline. The plant also produces acetic acid, methanol, and plastics. Since the beginning of 1952 the carbide-producing installation of this plant has been supplying the basic materials for the manufacture of synthetic rubber, resins, and acetone.
- 10. Before 1952, Poland was dependent on potash imports from the USSR to satisfy its needs. Since the beginning of 1952, however, Poland has been able to exploit potash deposits in the Klodawa district. Plants in Charcow (sic), Moscice and Kedzierzyn (Heydebreck) produce calcium cyanamide. These plants have been enlarged and modernized and are operating at full production capacity. A plant producing chemical fertilizers is under construction in Bydgoszcz, near Naklo (sic). In Gniewoszow (R 53/L 50), construction is in progress on a nitrogen plant which is to have facilities for producing phosphoric fertilizers.
- 11. Synthetic fiber production was started at the following plants in 1952:
 Jelenia Gora (Hirschberg), Szczecin, Turek, Gargow (sic), Zydowce, Bochmia
 near Krakow, and Landsberg (still under construction).
- 12. Tires for the automotive industry are to be supplied by plants in Debica and Plock. These plants are still under construction. Production capacity of the hydrogenation plant in Rzeszow is to be expanded to the point that by 1953 Poland's entire needs for automotive fuel will be covered.

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